# INTRODUCTION TO GIS MAPPING AND ESRI'S ARCGIS SOFTWARE

#### Objectives

In this exercise you are introduced to the ArcMap interface and some of the basic skills necessary to begin exploring geospatial data and create simple maps. Once you have successfully completed this part of the tutorial, you should know:

- How to open ArcMap and a Map Document (.mxd)
- How to examine your spatial data using ArcCatalog
- How to add spatial data to your Map Document
- How to join tabular data to geographic boundary files
- How to perform Geoprocessing analyses
- The difference between Data View and Layout View
- How to alter Map Feature Symbology

- How to add Essential Map Elements (North Arrow, Legend, etc...) for effective map creation
- How to modify the properties of a data frame.
- How to set relative pathnames to allow you to move and share your Map Projects
- How to export your map to PDF and JPG

#### Download the Data

The datasets used in this tutorial are available for download on the Map Collection Website. Feel free to download and use these tutorial materials, as you wish, and to pass them along to interested colleagues.

Go To the Map Collection Homepage (www.library.yale.edu/maps) in your Web Browser.

Under the Quick Links Section on the right, Click on the "Download GIS Workshop Materials" link.

*Find* the "Data" Link (ArcGIS 9.3.1 (2009 Sessions)) for the "Introduction to GIS Mapping and ESRI's ArcGIS Software." and *Right-Click* on the Link.

In Firefox, Select "Save Link As," in Internet Explorer, Select "Save Target As..."

Depending on your browser and setup, you may be offered a **Browse Window**, to select the folder into which you want the downloaded file placed. If so, **Browse** to a **Folder** on your hard drive that you have write permission for. For this tutorial, we will assume that you are using the **C:\temp** folder of the machine you are working on.

Save the Downloaded File to this C:\temp\ Folder.

#### Unzip the Data

You should now have a file called "Introduction\_to\_ArcGIS\_2009.zip" in your new folder. It is now necessary to decompress, or unzip, the tutorial data for use. Note that in Microsoft Windows XP and Vista, it is possible to "Explore" a compressed file, as if it were a folder. ArcMap does not support this type of browsing, so it is necessary to actually unzip the file for use. This part of the tutorial assumes that you are using Windows' built in Compressed File support.

Browse into the Folder where you saved the Introduction\_to\_ArcGIS\_2009.zip file.

Right-Click on the File and Select "Extract All..."

Click Next to arrive at the window shown at the right.

Click Next to Extract the File.

## Exploring the Data in ArcCatalog

1. From the Windows Start Menu, go to Start>All Programs>ArcGIS>ArcCatalog

This is the ArcCatalog Application of the ArcGIS Suite. It is roughly equivalent to the Windows Explorer interface, in that it provides an interface from which to browse and manage geographic data and databases. Because Windows Explorer does not properly recognize all of the various components of geographic datasets, it is always best to use ArcCatalog to manage your data.



The panel on the left side of the ArcCatalog Screen is the "Catalog Tree" where you can browse folders on your system for geographic data. Note that only folders and files compatible with ArcGIS will be displayed in the Catalog Tree and the View Windows on the right.

 Expand the C:\ Drive Icon in the ArcCatalog Tree, find the C:\Temp folder and expand it, then Click on the Introduction\_to\_ArcGIS\_2009 Folder to display its contents in the Contents Tab of the View Window on the right.

You'll notice several files in this folder, not all of which are actually geographic data, but are in some way, supported in ArcGIS. The most important of these files for our purposes are the Beaver\_Ponds\_Area.gdb and the Beaver\_Ponds\_Area.mxd.

We'll explore the Beaver\_Ponds\_Area.gdb. first.

1. In the Catalog Tree, on the left, expand the Beaver\_Ponds\_Area.gdb to reveal its contents.

This dataset is referred to as a File Geodatabase, and it contains several different types of geographic data, including vector feature classes, raster data in the form of imagery and tabular data related to the geographic data in the geodatabase. It is important to note that the File Geodatabase is a file structure that can only be managed within ArcCatalog.

- 1. Click on the LandCover\_NewHaven\_20081 Raster Layer
- 2. Click on the Preview Tab in the View Window on the right of ArcCatalog.

Note that you can preview the geographic dataset in ArcCatalog.

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- 3. At the bottom of the Preview Screen, change the Preview: Drop-down to Table, and examine the table for this dataset.
- 4. Change to the Metadata Tab, at the top of the ArcCatalog View Window, and Select the Spatial Page.



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## Adding Data to a Map Document

This .MXD file is the Map Document. Currently, it has many data layers already added. Before we go any further, we will add another data layer to the map document.

- 1. On the Standard Toolbar, click the Add Data Button
- 2. Browse to the C:\Temp folder and into your Introduction\_to\_ArcGIS\_2009\Beaver\_Ponds\_Area.gdb
- 3. Find and Select the URI\_Tree\_Survey feature class.
- 4. Click Add.
- 5. If necessary, click on the checkbox next to the newly added URI\_Tree\_Survey Layer, at the top of the Table of Contents.

Because you are zoomed so far out of the Data Frame, you may not immediately see the tree points render in the map.

# CHANGE THE SYMBOLOGY OF THE URI\_TREE\_SURVEY LAYER

- 1. Click on the Point Symbol, underneath the URI\_Tree\_Survey Layer name, in the Table of Contents.
- 2. In the Symbol Selector dialog box, select Circle 2, and click OK.

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You may now notice that the tree layer is slightly more visible.



More Symbols

Save

OK

Reset

Cancel

Circle 2

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## NAVIGATING THE DATA FRAME IN ARCMAP

Now you will familiarize yourself with the navigation tools in ArcMap.

- $\odot$ The Zoom In and Zoom Out Tools work, for the most part, like you would expect. Select the Zoom In Tool 🗳 and 1. drag a box across a small area in the center of the Data Frame. Select the Zoom Out Tool and click several times in the center of the Data Frame. 2 and note that it works much like the back button on your web browser, stepping Click on the Previous Extent Button 3. you back through your previous extents. The Next Extent Button steps you forward through your extent history, in the same way. is used to change the extent of your Data View, without changing the scale at which the data is The Data Pan Tool 4 viewed. 1 Identify ? 🗙 is used to quickly query the attributes of one The Info Tool 5. or more of the features in your Data Frame. You can click on a single feature to bring its attribute table up, or you can drag a box to view the attributes of several features.
- 6. The Select Elements Tool doesn't do much in the Data View, but is a good tool to keep active, for this reason.
- 7. Finally, on the Main Menu, go to Bookmarks>Beaver Ponds Area to zoom to the original extent of the Map Document.

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#### **EXPLORING THE TABLE OF CONTENTS**

The Table of Contents is the Panel on the left side of the ArcMap interface. It is where all of your Layer Names are displayed in ArcMap and where, for the most part, you interact with those layers.

1. Click on the + sign next to the Census Layers Group to Expand it in the Table of Contents.

Note that one of the layers in this group is enabled; however since the group that contains it is not enabled (checked) it is not currently displayed in the Data Frame.

- 2. Click in the Census Layers checkbox to enable the visibility of the Census Layers Group.
- 3. Enable visibility for the SimplyMap\_Census\_Block\_Groups\_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer.
- 4. Click-Hold-Drag-Drop the Census\_Blocks Layer to just above the SimplyMap\_Census\_Block\_Groups\_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer.

Note that the red boundary lines for the Census Blocks from the Census\_Blocks layer are now visible on top of the SimplyMap\_Census\_Block\_Groups\_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer. The order of display in the Table of Contents is the order of Display in the Data Frame.

- 5. Right-Click on the SimplyMap\_Census\_Block\_Groups\_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer and take a look at the context menu options available.
- 6. Select Open Attribute Table.
- 7. Scroll to the right of the Attribute Table and take a look at the attribute values contained in this Feature Class.
- 8. Click on the Options Button and take a look at the actions available.
- 9. Select Clear Selection.
- 10. Right-Click on the MedianHouseholdIncome Field Header and Select Statistics. Note the report available, and that you can switch to other attribute fields within the Statistics Report window.



- 11. Close the Statistics Report.
- 12. Close the Attribute Table.
- 13. Click on the Source Tab, at the bottom of the Table of Contents.

Note that this TOC View shows the paths to all datasets that are in the Map Document. Note also, at the bottom of the TOC Source Tab View, that there is a table (LULC\_Lookup\_Table) that was not visible in the Display Tab View of the TOC. This is because this table does not have explicit geographic data to visualize in the Data Frame.

14. Click on the Selection Tab of the TOC.

This is where you can assign the "Selectable Layers" within your ArcMap Document. This is most useful when you are using the

interactive Select Features Tool since this tool's default is to select features from ALL LAYERS. The currently selectable layers should be set to the SimplyMap\_Census\_Block\_Groups\_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer and the URI\_Tree\_Survey Layer. If they are not, check these layers and uncheck all others.

15. Click on the Display Tab of the TOC.

#### Symbolizing a Layer based on an Attribute Value

- 1. Right-Click on the SimplyMap\_Census\_Block\_Groups\_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer and Select Properties.
- 2. Click on the Symbology Tab, at the top of the Properties Dialog Box.
- 3. In the Left panel of the Symbology Properties, select "Quantities" and leave "Graduated Colors" as the selected method.

- 4. In the "Fields: Value:" Drop-down, select MedianHouseholdIncome as the field to base symbology upon.
- 5. Under "Color Ramp:" Select the Red to Green Color Ramp.
- 6. In the Legend Panel, where the Classes and corresponding colors should now be displayed, click on the Label field header and select "Format Labels."
- 7. Select "Currency" and click OK.

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- Apply to Preview your Symbology.
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## NORMALIZATION OF DATA FOR SYMBOLOGY

Uncheck the Layer Properties ? X 1 SimplyMap Census Block Groups General Source Selection Display Symbology Fields Definition Query Labels Joins & Relates HTML Popup \_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer to Show: Draw quantities using color to show values. Import... turn off it's visibility. Features Fields Classification Categories Quantities Value: Natural Breaks (Jenks) VacantUnits -**Right-Click the** 2. Graduated colors Cla<u>s</u>ses: 5 💌 Classify... SimplyMap Census Block Groups Normalization: TotalUnits -Graduated symbols \_New\_Haven\_County\_CT Layer Proportional symbols Dot density Color <u>Ramp</u>: Ŧ and select Copy. Charts Symbol Range Label **Multiple Attributes** 0.000000000 - 0.023965142 0% - 2.4% Right-Click on the Census Layers 3. 0.023965143 - 0.066489362 2.41% - 6.65% Group name and Select Paste 0.066489363 - 0.126829268 6.66% - 12.68% Layer(s). 0.126829269 - 0.172077922 12.69% - 17.21% 0.172077923 - 0.302197802 17 22% - 30 22% 4. Make the new layer visible. 5. Open the Properties for the newly Show class ranges using feature values Advance<u>d</u> + pasted layer and click on the Symbology Tab. 0K Cancel Apply Change the "Fields: Value:" drop-6. down to VacantUnits. ? 🗙 Number Format 7. For the Normalization Field, select TotalUnits. Category: None Currency Numeric The number already 8. For the Color Ramp, select the White to Orange Ramp. represents a percentage Direction Percentage Custom • The number represents a <u>fraction</u>. Adjust it to show 9. Click on the Labels Header and open the Format Labels dialog. Bate a percentage. Fraction 10. Select Percentage, and click on the "...number represents a fraction..." Scientific Angle option. Numeric Options. 11. Click on the Numeric Options Button. 12. Set the Rounding option to 2 decimal places. Displays numbers as a percentage Rounding Seaver\_Ponds\_Area.mxd - ArcMap - ArcInfo 13. Click ok, twice. Number of decimal places File Edit View Insert Selection Tools Bookmarks Window He 🗅 🗃 🖨 🍰 k 🖻 🛍 🗙 🗠 😁 🤟 🚺 💽 :! 🕭 🚳 🗆 🐎 🕺 🔐 Number of significant digits C × 🔍 E URI\_Tree\_Survey 2 • Q • \*\* Infrastructure Layers
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🛇 Census\_Blocks

Create a new selection

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'8003'

'8004'

'8005'

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'8007' '8008'

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#### SELECTING FEATURES BY ATTRIBUTES

Now you will select the Census Blocks you have been assigned to survey and will focus on that area for the remainder of the tutorial.

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SELECT \* FROM Census\_Blocks WHERE:

Verify

- 1. Use the following values for the next steps TRACT#: 141500 ; CENSUS BLOCK #'s: 8002 & 8003
- 2. On the Main Menu, go to Selection>Select by Attributes.
- 3. For the Target Layer, select Census\_Blocks.
- 4. Make sure "Create New Selection" is the Method.
- 5. Find the "TRACT2000" Field name and double-click it to place it in the Query Window.
- 6. Click on the "=" operator button.
- 7. Click Get Unique Values, and double-click your Tract Number.
- 8. Click the AND button.
- 9. Click on the () button and place your cursor inside the parentheses.
- 10. Double-Click "BLOCK2000"
- 11. Click on the "=" operator button.
- 12. Click Get Unique Values, and double-click your first Block Number.
- 13. Click on the OR Button
- 14. Double-Click "BLOCK2000"
- 15. Click on the "=" operator button.
- Click Get Unique Values, and double-click your second Block Number.
- 17. Click the Verify Button to check your syntax.
- 18. Click OK to apply the Selection.
- 19. On the Main Menu, go to Selection>Zoom to Selected Features. Verify that the Block Labels match your assigned blocks.
- 20. On the Main Menu, go to Bookmarks>Create and name your new bookmark "My Blocks"



## **Selecting Features Based On Location**

Now, you will select the trees in your area, based upon their proximity to the Census Blocks you just selected.

- 1. On the Main Menu, go to Selection>Select by Location.
- 2. Check the URI\_Tree\_Survey as the only layer to be selected.
- 3. Make sure that next drop-down is set to "intersect."
- 4. The next drop-down needs to be set to "Census\_Blocks."
- 5. "Use selected features" should be automatically checked.
- 6. Check the "Apply a buffer..." option and set it to 30 feet.
- 7. Click Apply and observe the results in your Data Frame.
- 8. Click OK to close the "Select by Location" dialog box. Your selection should remain active.



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#### SUMMARIZING THE TREE SPECIES DISTRIBUTION FOR YOUR ASSIGNED BLOCKS

- On the Standard Toolbar, click the ArcToolbox Button open the ArcToolbox Panel.
- 2. Click on the Search Tab, at the bottom of the ArcToolbox Panel.
- 3. Enter "Frequency" as the Search Term and click Search.
- 4. Double-Click on the "Frequency Analysis Tools" search result to launch the Frequency dialog box.
- 5. Click "Show Help" at the bottom of the dialog to show the context sensitive help panel for this tool.
- 6. Select URI\_Tree\_Survey as the Input Table.
- The default Output Table should be : "C:\temp\INTRODUCTION\_TO\_ARCGIS\_200 9\Beaver\_Ponds\_Area.gdb\URI\_Tree\_Survey \_Frequency". If it is not, change it accordingly.
- 8. Select COMM\_NAME as the Frequency Field.
- 9. Click OK to run the analysis
- 10. Switch to the Source Tab of the TOC.
- Scroll to the bottom of the TOC and find the URI\_Tree\_Survey\_Frequency Table, rightclick and Open it.
- 12. Right-Click on the Frequency Field Header and select Sort Descending.
- 13. Close the URI\_Tree\_Survey\_Frequency Table.
- 14. Turn off the visibility of the all but the Census Blocks Layer in the Census Layers Group.
- 15. Turn on the visibility of the Infrastructure Layers & Carto LayersGroups.



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# Creating a Map

## **Getting Familiar with Layout Mode**

 Look for the View Toolbar at the bottom left of the Data Frame and click on the Layout Button, which looks like a piece of paper.

Notice that you should now see the Layout Toolbar, which contains many tools that are nearly identical in appearance to those on the "Tools" toolbar.

2. Select the Layout Zoom Tool and drag a box across some portion of the Map Document Layout that now is shown in place of the Data Frame.

Note that the scale of the map does not change, but that you are now zooming into the Map Layout. The rest of the Layout Tools function in the same way. While they mimic the actions of the Tools Toolbar navigation tools, they act on the Page Layout, rather than the Map Data.



3. Click on the Page Extent Button it to zoom to the full page layout.

#### **CHANGING THE TREES SYMBOLOGY**

- 1. On the Main Menu, go to Selection>Clear Selected Features.
- 2. Right-Click on the URI\_Tree\_Survey Layer ans open it's Properties.
- 3. Click on the Symbology Tab.
- 4. Select Categories.
- 5. Select 'REINV' as the Value Field and click Add All Values at the bottom of the Properties Window.
- 6. Click the Symbol Field Header and Select Properties for All Symbols.
- 7. Select Circle 2 and click OK.
- 8. Under the Label Field, Replace <NULL> with 'Unsurveyed by URI', replace '1' with 'Surveyed by URI'
- 9. Uncheck 'All other values'. Click OK
- 10. Right-Click on the Symbol for Unsurveyed Trees and Select Red for the color.

#### CLEANING UP THE LEGEND

- 1. Select the Select Elements Tool and click on the Legend in the map layout until it is the only object highlighted bright blue, with resize handles.
- 2. Right-Click the selected Legend and open its Properties.
- 3. Using the Ctrl Key, highlight all but the URI\_Tree\_Survey and Utility Points Layers.
- 4. Click on the Remove Button to remove the selected items from the legend. Click Apply. Click OK.
- 5. In the TOC, Click once on the URI\_Tree\_Survey Layer name, wait a second and click again to highlight it for editing.
- 6. Replace the underscores '\_' with clank spaces.
- 7. Change 'REINV' to 'Status', using the same method.
- 8. If necessary, resize the legend, using the blue resize handle at the upper right corner.

## Adding a Graph of Tree Species Frequency

- 1. On the Main Menu, go to Tools>Graphs>Create.
- 2. Change the Graph Type to Horizontal bar.
- 3. Change the Layer/Table to URI\_Tree\_Survey\_Frequency.
- 4. Make FREQUENCY the Value Field.
- 5. For Y Label Field, Select COMM\_NAME.
- 6. Change Horizontal Axis to 'Top'
- 7. Uncheck 'Add to Legend'
- 8. Change Color: to 'Palette/Victorian'
- 9. Click Next.
- 10. Uncheck Graph Legend.
- 11. Click Finish.
- 12. Right-Click in the Graph and select "Add to Layout"
- 13. Move and resize the Layout Graph, as needed.
- 14. Close the Graph Window.

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# Adding and Altering Additional Map Elements

## North Arrow

- 1. On the Main Menu, go to Insert>North Arrow.
- 2. Choose a North Arrow, and Click OK.
- 3. Resize and reposition the North Arrow, as needed.

## Formatting Text

- 1. Using the elects Elements Tool , select the red text in the lower right corner of the Map Layout.
- 2. Right-click on the selected text and open its properties.
- 3. Replace the Text with the Names of your Crew Members. Click OK

# EXPORTING YOUR MAP TO PDF

- 1. On the Main Menu, go to File>Export Map.
- 2. Change the Save As Type to PDF.
- 3. Set the Resolution to 200dpi
- 4. Under the Format Tab, Check "Convert Marker Symbols to Polygons" and "Embed All Document Fonts"
- 5. Browse to the C:\Temp\ folder and save your PDF using the Default Filename (which is the name of your Map Document).

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6. Click Save.

